Connector Bridge RS485 Interface

Updated: 2019/08/16

Summary

Connector Bridge RS485 interface used for the local integration of the 3rd party system, and one Connector Bridge control up to 30 motors. The 3rd party system could freely control all of the one-way and bi-directional devices via Bridge via RS485.

Please kindly notice that RS485 interface only provide Bridge&device discover and control commands. The device configuration process must be completed by Connector APP or the local integration configuration APP.

The recommended interval between two commands > 100ms.

The setup sequence

- 1. Configure Bridge by Connector APP or the local integration configuration APP
- 2. Establish the Server-Client RS485 connection.
- 3. Discover Bridge (Server must get Bridge address before use)
- 4. Discover Device (Server must get device address before use)

Nouns

Server: The 3rd party control unit, which could control Bridge via RS485

Client: Connector Bridge Bridge: Connector Bridge

Motor: Dooya motor Device: Dooya motor

One way motor: 'UP/STOP/DOWN.'

Bi-directional motor: 'UP/STOP/DOWN' + Percentage control + Position feedback

Connection Parameters:

Baud Rate: 9600 bps

Parity: N
Data Bits: 8
Stop Bits: 1

Bridge firmware required:

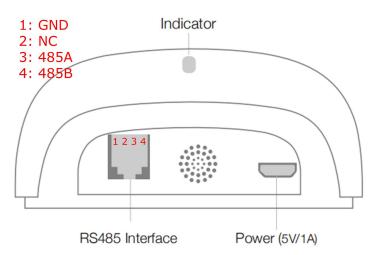
Firmware 0.6.6 or above.

Please update your previous Bridge by using the Connector APP.

'Setting' ---> 'Location' ---> 'All Bridges' ---> 'Firmware Setting'

Wiring

Data cable: RJ9



Message Frame:

Bridge control

Start Character	Address	Command	Data	End Character
!	3 Byte ASCII	1 Byte ASCII	(Optional)	;

Motor control

Start Character	Bridge Address	Delimiter Character	Motor Address	Command	Data	End Character
!	3 Byte ASCII	D	3 Byte ASCII	1 Byte ASCII	(Optional)	;

0-9, broadcast address 000 for the query, range 001- $\frac{999}{1}$ no- numerical ASCII

Message details

1, Bridge address query, Bridge reboot, and DEVICE 'Status update'(1) query & set

Command	Keyword Remark	Example massage	Example message	Command Remark
Keyword		Server(Downlink)	Client(Uplink)	
	Bridge address	!000 V ?;	!123V0.4.9;	Bridge address: 123
V	query			Bridge firmware
				version: 0.4.9

[&]quot;?" for inquiry of the motor status

G	Bridge address edit	!123 G 456;	!123 G 456;	Update Bridge address from 123 to 456
R	Reboot Bridge	!123 R ;	!123 R ;	Reboot Bridge
С	'Status update mode' query	!123 C ?;	!111 C 0; !123 C 1;	C0: Non-auto update mode C1: Auto update mode
	`Status update mode' set	!123 C 0; !123 C 1;	!111 C 0; !111 C 1;	C0: Set to non-auto update C1: Set to auto update

(1): Bridge will upload bi-directional motor's position to the 3rd party system via RS485 when motor stop running if the DEVICE 'Status update' mode is enabled.

The server needs to query the Bridge address before use. If multiple Bridges used on the system, please install and query sequentially; otherwise all the Bridges will acknowledge query command at the same time.

Example messages

```
Server: !000V?; // Address 000 for query
Client: !123V0.4.9; // Bridge address: 123, Bridge firmware version: 0.4.9

[send] [15:17:59 419] !000V?;
[receive] [15:17:59 621] !123V0.4.9;
```

2, Motor address query

Command	Keyword	Example massage	Example message	Command Remark
Keyword	Remark	Server(Downlink)	Client(Uplink)	
	Motor		!111 D123 vD10;	Bridge report its device
D	address	!111 D 000v?;	!111 D124 vD10;	list
	query		!111 DFFFv000 ;	Device: D123 and D124

The server needs to query motor address before use. The bridge will report its motor device list. Take care of that there are two kinds of motor type, one-way motor and bi-directional motor.

```
Example messages

Server: !123D000v?; // Address 000 for query
```

```
Client: !123D123vD10; // Motor type: One way motor, motor address D123, firmware version:D10
```

```
!123 \textcolor{red}{\textbf{D124}} \text{vD10}; \hspace{0.2cm} \textit{//} \hspace{0.1cm} \text{Motor type: Two way DC tubular motor, motor address} \hspace{0.1cm} \textcolor{red}{\textbf{D124}},
```

firmware version:D10

!123**DFFF**v000; // End of the message. DFFF is the end of message flag, it is not a real device.

3, Motor control

The example Bridge address is 123, the example motor address is D001

Command	Keyword	ss is 123, the example Example massage	Example message	Command Remark
Keyword	Remark	Server(Downlink)	Client(Uplink)	
,			!123D001o;	Motor receives Open message
o	UP/Open	!123D001 <mark>o</mark> ;	!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is offline
	Ston	!123D001s;	!123D001s;	Motor receives Stop message
S	Stop		!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is offline
_	DOWN/Class	11220001	!123D001c;	Motor receives Close message
С	DOWN/Close	!123D001c;	!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is offline
	Lift percentage control	!123D001m080;	!123D001m080;	Motor receives 'run to 80%' message.
			!123D001Enc;	Motor does not set limit position
m			!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is offline
			!123D001r080b 180;	Motor upload its position(80%,180°) when it stops.
			!123D001b070;	Motor receives 'run to 70%' message.
b	Tilt/rotate control	!123D001b070;	!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is offline
			!123D001Enc;	Motor does not set limit position
			!123D001r023b 070;	Motor upload its position(23%,70°) when it stops.
			!123D001m050 b150;	Motor receives 'run to 50%150°' message.
m+b	Lift+tilt control	!123D001m050b15 0;	!123D001Enc;	Motor does not set limit position
			!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is offline
			!123D001r050b	Motor reports its

			150;	position(50%,150°)
				when it stops.
f	Run to the 3 rd	!123D001f1;	!123D001f1;	Motor receives message.
	position			
		!123D001r?;	!123D001Enc;	Motor does not set limit
	Motor		!123D001r084b	Current position is
r	position		000;	84%0°
	query		!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is
				offline
		!123D001pVc?;	!123D001pVc01	Current voltage is
p	Motor voltage		054;	10.54V
	query		!123D001Enl;	No response, Motor is
				offline
N N	Alias setting	!111D001NDM25LE/	!111D001NDM25	Set alias for device
	7 mas secting	S;	LE/S;	(Alias <16 Characters)
N N	Alias query	!111D001N?;	!111D001NDM25	Alias query
	7 mas query	.111500111.7	LE/S;	7 mas query
				E(error)ee(error code)
				ee = bz (Motor is busy)
				= df (Reach the added
				device amount limits)
				= np (device is not
				existing)
				= nc (no position
		!123D001o; !123D001c; !123D001s; !123D001m080; 	!123D001Eee;	limits)
				= mh (Master hall
E	Error			sensor error)
	2			= sh (Slave hall sensor
				error)
				= or (upper obstacle)
				= cr (lower obstacle)
				= pl (Low supply
				power)
				= ph (High supply
				power)
				= nl (Device offline)
				= ec (Undefined error)

Notes:

E(Error) is the device information feedback from Bridge when the Server makes controls. **ee** is the detail error code. Please kindly take care 'One-way' device has no feedback capability, so only the code np is available for 'One-way' device.

 $\ensuremath{\text{bz}}$: Device is busy and can not execute Bridge commands, Bridge could send commands later.

- df: Max. Paring device amounts reached, totally 30 devices can be paired to Bridge. If the Server wants to pair the 31st Device, Bridge will feedback code df. This code is not used for Control4 sever.
- np : Device is not existing. If the Device is not existing, Bridge returns np after Server makes any controls.
- nc : Device does have position limits. When Server use the percentage control commands $(\mathbf{m,b,m+b})$,
 - mh, sh: Hall sensor error
- or, cr : Device obstacles in the running. Not All Devices have obstacles function; it's based on Device type.
- pl, ph : Device power supply status indicator. Not All Devices have obstacles function; it's based on Device type.
- nl : Device is offline, which means no feedback/ACK/NACK from Device side, and Bridge returns nl to Server
 - ec: Undefined error.